

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

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PORTSMOUTH, N. H., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1900.

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HENRY PEYSER & SON'S Suits and Trousers have given complete satisfaction to wearers of good clothing in the past, and are offered in such variety of fabrics this season that judicious purchasers cannot escape their many excellent qualities. Verily, fine works and glowing paragraphs may assist in the sale, but these clothes are so made that no fluency of language is required in the transaction, for they speak for themselves: their form, their workmanship, their material, all show forth in no uncertain language their beauty and their merits.

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M. J. GRIFFIN

NOT MUCH NEWS.

Few Developments In Chinese Situation.

Celestials Put Up Weak Opposition At Ho-Si-Wu.

Another Despatch From MacDonald Withheld From British Public.

LONDON, August 15, 3:00 A. M.—The only news taking the allied column further than Ho-Si-Wu comes from Paris. The London morning papers have nothing confirming the French report that the allies are within sixteen miles of Pekin, although a Che-Foo despatch says that they were only twenty-seven miles from the capital on Saturday. Publishing a confirmation of the reported arrival of the column at Ho-Si-Wu, the Daily Mail adds that the Chinese offered little real opposition. The arrival of the allies frustrated a determined attempt to divert the course of the river there. The heat is intense, adds the despatch, but the health of the troops is good. The Chinese minister here hopes and expects that peace between China and the foreign nations will be effected within six weeks. Yesterday another despatch from Sir Claude MacDonald was received at the British foreign office, which is withheld from the public. The Berlin correspondent of the Chronicle says that two German cruisers have been ordered to China, that another is already on the way and that a fourth is there.

Confidential Message From Conger.

WASHINGTON, August 14.—At the close of the official day, the following announcement was made public: "The department of state has received a message from Minister Conger, of uncertain date, and not replying to the department's despatch of the 6th. This message will not be made public." Mr. Conger's message came shortly before noon, to the Chinese legation, through the usual route. While it is spoken of as confidential and will not be given out, it is said to make the situation no better and no worse. It does not indicate whether or not Mr. Conger has received any of the messages to him from the state department. There is nothing in the despatch to cause any change in the orders to General Chaffee. Word is anxiously awaited regarding the developments near Pekin, but nothing has been received today from General Chaffee or Admiral Remy.

Japan's Answer The Same.

WASHINGTON, August 14.—There is reason for believing that Japan has returned the same answer to China's peace proposals as did the United States. At the same time, it is thought that Japan will not refuse to use her peaceful efforts in the eventual negotiations.

C. P. HUNTINGTON DEAD.

By Associated Press.
New York, Aug. 14.—Collis P. Huntington, president of the Southern Pacific railroad, is dead. Mr. Huntington's private secretary, J. E. Gates, received a message at his residence, the Hotel Majestic, this city, this morning, announcing the sudden death last night of the millionaire at Racquette Lake, N. Y. Mr. Gates left for camp "Pine Knot" on the first train early this morning. Friends of the Huntington family in this city at once sent a cablegram to London addressed to Princess Hatzfeldt, the adopted daughter of Mr. Huntington, announcing the death of her father. A cable despatch from London to the Associated Press announced that the Princess Hatzfeldt had engaged passage by the White Star steamer Majestic, sailing August 15th, from Liverpool for New York.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, August 14.—Forecast for New England: Fair and warmer Wednesday, possibly showers in the evening; Thursday fair, light to fresh south winds.

A BIG PARADE.

BOSTON, Mass., August 14.—The members of the Italian colony of this city, supplemented by large additions of their fellow countrymen from all sections of the state, participated in a funeral parade and a solemn high mass of requiem at the cathedral here today in honor of the memory of the late King Humbert. There were thirty-seven societies in line. The line was interspersed with a number of bands, which played dirges. At the head of the column was a caisson, drawn by six black horses, which supported a bier decked with floral pieces, while twelve pallbearers marched by its side. After parading through the principal streets of the city, a solemn high mass was held by Father Ubaldus, O. S. F.

HELD FOR SUPREME COURT.

DOVER, N. H., August 14.—James Harrington, of Amesbury, Mass., George Hoyt, of Woburn, Mass., John Harris, Frank Davis and John McCarthy, of Peterboro, Ontario, the men who were arrested, charged with breaking and entering a freight car of the Boston and Maine railroad at Rollinsford Junction, were arraigned in the district court this morning. They each pleaded not guilty and were held in \$200 bonds for September term of the supreme court. As the jail here is crowded with inmates, these men were taken to the house of correction at the county farm in default of bail.

BASE BALL.

The following is the result of the games played in the National league yesterday:

Chicago 6, Boston 7; Chicago 6, Boston 7; at Chicago.

Pittsburg 5, New York 0; Pittsburg 7, New York 1; at Pittsburg.

St. Louis 6, Philadelphia 2; at St. Louis.

The Brooklyn-Cincinnati game was prevented by rain.

MATCHED TO FIGHT.

New York, August 14.—Sharkey and Fitzsimmons met today and signed articles for a twenty-five round bout before the Seaside club at Coney island, on the evening of August 24th, for a purse of \$25,000. They agreed that seventy-five per cent of the gate receipts go to the winner and twenty-five per cent to the loser. White will referee.

LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

CAMDEN, ME., August 14.—Ten thousand persons saw the most successful launching ever conducted in Camden this afternoon. At exactly 12:54 o'clock the mammoth six-master George W. Wells, the largest schooner in the world, started down the ways. Soon after the vessel touched the water accompanied by the cheers of the spectators. The owner of the Wells is Captain John G. Crowley of Taunton, Mass. The George W. Wells is of magnificent dimensions. On the keel she is 302 feet, eleven inches long, 345 feet length on top, forty-six feet, six inches beam, and twenty-three feet deep.

BOSTON FIRE.

Boston, August 14.—A fire on India street this afternoon caused a loss of \$150,000, chiefly to Timothy Gay and company, wholesale grocers. The loss on the building, owned by Timothy L. Smith, is \$42,000.

HOARE'S COLUMN SAFE.

LONDON, August 14.—A Pretoria despatch to the Daily News, yesterday, announces the safety of Col. Hoare's column and the convoy supposed to have been captured by the Boers at Elands river.

NELSON WON RACE.

Boston, August 14.—John E. Nelson defeated Archie Macoschorn at Charles River park tonight in an hour's motor paced matched race, by about one and a third miles. Nelson's record was thirty-five miles, 701 yards and his rival's thirty-four miles, 165 yards. No records were broken.

THE OREGON'S REPAIRS.

WASHINGTON, August 14.—The question of permanent repairs to the battleship Oregon is under discussion by department officials and it is possible that the vessel may be brought back to the Pacific coast for the purpose.

THE ALABAMA'S SPEED RUN.

New York, August 14.—Admiral Rodgers, Captain Evans, Commanders Hemphill and Rockler, Naval Constructors Kapps and Lieutenant-Commanders Vreeland and Henderson form the board of naval experts to test the battleship Alabama. The following itinerary has been mapped out for the ship: Leave Cramps' ship yard this morning, arriving at the breakwater in the afternoon, where compasses will be adjusted. Tomorrow the start for Brooklyn navy yard will be made. She will arrive in New York harbor early on Thursday morning, will be dry docked in the navy yard and will be cleaned, then receiving two coats of sea paint and varnishing, with antifouling mixture below the water line. The trial run is to be over the regular government course, from Cape Ann to Cape Porpoise. The contract calls for a speed of sixteen knots an hour during four hours' continuous steaming at full displacement. Edward S. Cramp, the superintending engineer of the Cramp company, will be in charge of the trial. The Russian naval officers on duty at Cramps will be on board; also Captain Brownson and the future officers of the Alabama. Expert engineers, firemen and machinists, aggregating 300 men will try to get all the speed possible out of the battleship.

SINKING OF THE FRAMEE.

TOULON, August 14.—The officers of the turret ship Brennus, flagship of Admiral Fournier's fleet, which sank the torpedo boat destroyer Framee last Saturday night, during the manoeuvres off Cape St. Vincent, arrived here today. They give a new version of the circumstances of the mishap. According to them, the Framee approached the Brennus at a speed of sixteen knots to receive orders for the cruiser Foudre. Seeing that she was going too near, her captain told the helmsman to steer to the left, but the directions were misunderstood. The Framee was not out in twin, but turned over on her side. Capt. Manduit Bleuss clung to the vessel and vigorously refused any help from the quartermaster of the Brennus, who went to his rescue in a boat. The Framee sank in three minutes. The sea was calm at the time.

MADE A NEW RECORD.

PLYMOUTH, Aug. 14.—The Hamburg American line steamer Deutschland which sailed from New York, Aug. 8th, from Hamburg, arrived here at 8:20 this morning, making a record for the eastward passage and the fastest time ever attained by any ocean steamer, of five days, eleven hours and forty five minutes. Her highest day's run was 552 knots. The Deutschland made an average hourly speed of 23 3/4 knots during the passage.

WILL SAIL THURSDAY.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 14.—The Ninth cavalry will sail on the transport Warren next Thursday with a full complement of officers and men. Owing to the large number of officers who will occupy the quarters on this transport, no women will be permitted to sail, and many of the officers who had planned to take their families to China will be disappointed. A sergeant and forty privates of the signal corps have arrived there from Fort Meyer, Va. They will be sent to China.

AT THE NAVY YARD.

John C. Stevens reported for duty as watchman on Tuesday.

The Yaakton and Eagle will be ready for sea about September 15th.

A party of thirty golf enthusiasts was at the golf links on Tuesday afternoon.

A theatre party is being organized for a trip to Portsmouth on Monday evening.

The officers of the yard are discussing plans for the entertainment of the officers of the North Atlantic squadron.

Lieut. J. O. Sypher, U. S. N., has been ordered to the Newport torpedo station for two weeks' temporary duty.

ORGANIZED IN KITTERY.

The Massachusetts Thymoleum company has been organized in Kittery for the purpose of purchasing and carrying on the business of the New England Thymoleum Co., with \$50,000 capital stock, of which nothing is paid in. The officers are: President, Abram C. Monfort of Providence, R. I.; treasurer, Frank E. Rowell of Kittery. Certificate approved Aug. 10.

AROUND THE CITY.

New paths are being made at the Haven park, new seats are being placed along the paths and water has been brought into the place, so that a temporary fountain enables one to procure a refreshing drink. Step by step a little improvement is made in the premises and perhaps in the course of years the place may be attractive enough to entice one to stay there for five or ten minutes, out of curiosity.

It is surprising to note how much the small amount of rain that fell revived vegetation. Where there was apparently dead bunches of grass, now strong and healthy blades are shooting up and the fields are looking almost the same as in springtime. The absence of sunshine for the past few days was made up by the washing down of the dust and people in general would have been pleased to see the rain continue for a week. It is low tide in the wells in the country and many families are put to great inconvenience by this condition of things, which was not materially improved.

The Concord State fair association will thoroughly advertise the Capital city program that has been arranged and in a few days a handsome tandem team will make a tour of this section to be accompanied by a locomobile that has arrived in Concord and is being fitted out for the work. A thorough trip over the state and parts of Massachusetts and Vermont will be made. The list of rates over the railroads has been published and the fare for the round trip from this city is placed at \$2.30, which includes admission to the fair grounds.

There are some things that never change, or rather have never changed. Men wear the bow of the hat band on the left side; men button their vests and coats one way all over the world; men begin with the top button of the coat or vest to button it; men for years invariably parted their hair on the right or left side, and many do now; people make their right hand do all of the work and never train the left hand to be anything but its assistant.

A boot and shoe paper is about right in saying that since the advent of short skirts, bicycle boots and extra high tan shoes are having a phenomenal sale, as one on the street easily notices. It's a wise man who can tell at a glance a sixteen-year old school girl from a lady of thirty. The school girl wears her hair "done up" and the lady of thirty wears a skirt scarcely reaching the top of her bicycle boot.

No one but a six footer realizes how much a nuisance the low hanging awnings that some of the merchants maintain are. In no other city can one find such an utter disregard of the city ordinances or the comfort of people, than is to be found in Portsmouth. On Market street in particular, several of these awnings are not more than five feet above the sidewalk and the result may easily be imagined. Not only do six footers have to hump up, but any lady with the average hat is liable to have it spoiled by raking it along under the muddy and dripping mess to be scraped off nearly every awning. The city ordinances states that the lowest part of every awning must be at least seven feet above the sidewalk and a fine of ten dollars for a violation is attached. It is a work for the police to correct the fault.

"Brevity is the Soul of Wit."

Wit is wisdom. Blood is life. Impure blood is living death. Health depends on good blood. Disease is due to bad blood. The blood can be purified. Legions say Hood's Sarsaparilla, America's Greatest Blood Medicine, purifies it. A brief story but it tells the tale.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Tan is the fashionable vacation coloring that is reflected in the faces of the many summer visitors who are among us in unusually large numbers this season. It is a reminder of happy out door experiences and the best evidence that there is nothing like a salt breeze to go with the sun to produce a color.

THE STRAGGLER.

HEDDING CAMP GROUND

Notes of Interest to Portsmouth People from our Correspondent.

B. F. Atwood of Lisbon is the guest of his brother, S. W. Atwood.

A game of baseball will be played Saturday next, the 18th, between the Greenlands and the Eppings on the grounds here.

Harry Ladd is visiting his brother, Dr. S. T. Ladd, of New York City.

The Prescott sisters, Misses Belle and May, are visiting friends in Amesbury.

Mrs. Elmer Twombly and daughters of Portsmouth, formerly of this town, made a few social calls here while en route for Concord, where they will spend Old Home Week.

The Rev. E. G. Smith, wife and son, left Tuesday morning for Malden, Mass., the parents driving and the son following on his bicycle.

Mrs. Bert Piper and daughter of Worcester, Mass., have been visiting Mrs. Piper's mother, Mrs. S. W. Atwood.

Mrs. Charles Hurlburt and daughter of Dorchester, Mass., are being entertained by Mrs. Alvin Thompson.

Charles Johnson of Concord has been spending a short time at the home of Fred Johnson.

Miss Mary Tuok of Brentwood has been the guest of Mrs. Nellie Johnson.

MAINE NOTES.

A Salvation Army hotel has been opened in Portland for the use of work men.

Counsel for George Champion will ask that the trial take place in Androscoggin county, as it is feared that an impartial trial cannot be secured in York county.

Thieves stole a ton of hay from the barn of Stephen Gowing of Biddeford, some night last week. They left the barn.

St. Joseph's church in Biddeford has been draped in black in honor of the memory of Bishop Healey of Portland and special services were held.

Frank Foes of Saco came near bleeding to death after having a tooth extracted.

A balance of \$10 was left from the Old Home celebration in Biddeford.

Do you read what people say about Hood's Sarsaparilla? It is curing all forms of disease caused or promoted by impure blood.

UP-TO-DATE BOOTS AND OXFORDS

DUNCAN'S,
5 Market St.

Our OXFORDS are the handsomest, easiest, coolest and most up-to-date shoes made.

An inspection will convince any man or woman that we are justified in saying we have the finest and most fashionable leathers, most correct and latest shapes. All prices from \$1.25 to \$5.00.

MAY BE NEAR PEKING.

Chaffee Reached Half Point on Friday.

ATTACK ON TUNG CHOW NEXT.

Town Ten Miles From Capital May Be Taken Today—Rescue of the Envoys Expected by Monday at the Latest.

Washington, Aug. 14.—A cable dispatch was received at the war department yesterday afternoon from General Chaffee announcing his arrival on Aug. 10 at Ho-Si-Wu, which is half way between Tien-tsin and Peking.

General Chaffee and the allied forces have again surprised the officials here by the rapidity of their advance on Peking. There was much astonishment when the international troops, after fighting for seven and a half hours at Pei-tang on Aug. 5, advanced the next morning toward Yang-tsun and before evening carried three miles of trenches and occupied the town, but the latest report of progress exceeds the expectations of the most hopeful. As was stated when General Chaffee cabled an account of the occupation of Yang-tsun, it was expected that the allies would remain there for about two days to reorganize their commands and hold a conference as to the route of march toward Peking.



GENERAL CHAFFEE.

body, and, though no serious engagement was looked for until the foreign troops reached Tung-chow, no one was prepared to believe that the advance would be made so rapidly as it has been from Tien-tsin to Ho-Si-Wu, from where General Chaffee cabled on Aug. 10.

This cable dispatch bears out the theory that the Chinese have fallen back to Peking, and it is not improbable that since Aug. 10 the international troops have marched so rapidly that they are now in the vicinity of Tung-chow, where it is thought the first great battle will take place. General Chaffee does not give any particulars of the capture of Ho-Si-Wu. His dispatch simply says:

"Arrived yesterday Ho-Si-Wu."

A cable dispatch not signed, but presumably from Admiral Remey, was received at the navy department yesterday afternoon giving particulars of the capture of Ho-Si-Wu, but Acting Secretary of the Navy Hackett refused to make public the full message. The statement given out says:

"Taken Aug. 10.—Advanced Aug. 9 to Ho-Si-Wu. Chinese fled after firing few shots. No casualties."

Telegraph in Operation.

It will be noticed that the dispatch is dated Taken, Aug. 10, which indicates that the military telegraph line between Ho-Si-Wu and Tien-tsin is in good working order.

Officers of the army here have been making a close study of the river route along which the international troops are marching to Peking. The military information bureau of the war department has prepared a map showing the route along the Pei-Ho and giving information regarding the condition of the country. This map shows the many windings and turns of the Pei-Ho, and the road to Tung-chow makes almost a straight line.

A ferry crosses the river at Yang-tsun where the battle of Aug. 6 was fought. After crossing this ferry the road follows the west side of the river, which for two miles is fordable waist deep. Three miles from Yang-tsun the river is 150 yards wide, and northeast mud banks are frequently encountered. From that point the road to Peking almost a straight line. It was from this point that General Chaffee cabled the dispatch received Sunday, giving a message from Minister Conger, dated Aug. 4. As General Chaffee's dispatch was dated Aug. 8 it is evident that the march to Ho-Si-Wu did not begin until that date. From Tien-tsin to Ho-Si-Wu is about 12 miles. According to the information of the war department the international forces marched through a number of cultivated plains and a short distance from Tien-tsin found a good place for a camp, which was probably the outpost of the allies during the day of Aug. 8.

It is thought that the march was begun early on Aug. 9 and that General Chaffee reached Ho-Si-Wu that afternoon without encountering any of the enemy. A number of forts cross the river between the two places, and one of them is reported to be in fine condition for cavalry. As Ho-Si-Wu is a town of considerable size and extends clear to the river's edge, the cavalry was probably sent to the opposite side of the river where fields of millet and corn would afford the horses plenty of food. Ho-Si-Wu is surrounded by orchards and gardens and it gave the Chinese but slight natural advantages for defense. According to the naval dispatch the troops encountered but little opposition in occupying the village, as the Chinese fled after firing a few shots. The dispatch says "No casualties," but whether this refers to the entire force or only to the Americans is not explained.

Ho-Si-Wu is the largest town between Tien-tsin and Ching Chia Wan, 20 miles south of Peking, and would afford the troops a good camping place for a sufficient period to enable them to reorganize and secure their transportation. This could be accomplished by Saturday morning, at which time it is thought that the march was resumed.

For 12 miles northward the road is

very deep and bad, and only slow progress could be made to Ma Tow, the next village of any note. If the Chinese were not encountered between these two points, Ma Tow could be reached by Sunday morning. At a point a mile north of Ma Tow, the road leaves the river and makes a straight line for Ching Chia Wan. If Ma Tow was left on Sunday, the allied soldiers would reach the first of the Chinese fortifications a mile south of Ching Chia Wan by daylight on Monday morning, and be in position for an attack on that place, which commands the road to Tung-chow.

It is the opinion of the war department officials that General Chaffee reached Ching Chia Wan yesterday morning and that he met with no considerable opposition on the part of the Chinese. Chaffee's march to Tung-chow. That the march of the relief party was temporarily stopped at Ching Chia Wan is not improbable, as several small forts command the approach to the city. If the Chinese fell back on Tung-chow, it is likely that the foreign commanders would seek to delay the attack on that place until today to enable them to get in a good position for an assault, as artillery would be necessary.

Casualty List.

The war department has received the following casualty list from General Chaffee:

"Yang-tsun, 7th.—Casualties in action Yang-tsun, Aug. 6:

"Enlisted Men Killed.—Fourteenth infantry—W. E. Metzler, Company L; Robert G. Kerr, Wyatt G. Hicks, Company L; George Stafford, Company L; Roy Bogen, Company M; Laurence M. Gains, Company G; Royland Perry, Company K.

"Wounded.—Ninth infantry—Second Lieutenant Frank R. Lang, shoulder, serious; Sergeant Michael O'Brien, Company L, serious; Corporal Daniel J. O'Connor, Company L, leg below knee, serious; Joseph P. Fritsch, Company M, abdomen, serious; William Esold, Company L, arm, serious; Albert W. Fitzpatrick, Company D, thigh, slight. Fourteenth infantry—Company E—Sergeant Frank Kudell, groin, serious; Harry C. Huston, shoulder, moderate; Patrick Curran, leg above knee, serious; Ismail S. Tyler, arm, serious; Ralph W. Adams, head, serious; Charles Johnson, leg below knee, serious; Frank R. Kiddie, head, moderate; Louis A. Forrester, serious. Company P—First Sergeant William F. Maloney, knee, serious; Frank A. Albright, chest, serious; James Allen, knee, serious; Adam Honee, leg below knee, slight; George E. Vale, thigh, slight; Ernest Gibson, shoulder, moderate; Corporal James H. Hurst, head, serious. Company L—Clinton W. Graham, shoulder, moderate; knee, serious; Joseph L. Leclair, groin and thigh, serious; William Miller, leg below knee, serious. Company K—Corporal Lee Owens, hand, serious; Corporal Jeremiah J. Toomey, head, slight; William J. Smith, serious; James P. O'Dowd, abdomen, serious; Joseph Quiddie, back, serious; John Wagner, arm, serious; John B. Wohl, foot, serious; Robert L. Tippet, thigh, serious; Patrick Shea, foot, serious; Alonzo J. Hall, leg, serious; Jacob Schoebel, arm, serious; thigh, slight; John Mulligan, foot, serious; First Regiment nurses, Company F, Norman A. Pruitt, hand, severe; Battery E, Fifth artillery, Andrew Baum, leg, moderate.

"Killed, buried Yang-tsun; wounded sent to hospital Tien-tsin."

The Powers Trial.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 14.—The hearing of testimony in the case of ex-Secretary of State Caleb Powers was continued yesterday, and today the argument before the jury has begun. There will be five speeches on each side. Those who will speak in behalf of the prosecution are: Attorney General Franklin D. Roosevelt, John K. Herrick, Victor F. Bradley and Captain R. C. Golden. Those who will argue the case for the defendant will be ex-Governor Brown, J. C. Sims, Judge J. H. Tinsley, ex-Congressman Owens and Judge George Donny. The case is expected to reach the jury by Saturday. Judge Cantel announced that the jury case will be taken up immediately. The jury was taken to Fairport yesterday afternoon and spent an hour viewing the state capital grounds and buildings, and other points in connection with the case.

Bryan's Speech in Phonograph.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—Mr. Bryan closed himself with a phonograph yesterday and delivered over again parts of the speech of acceptance he made at Indianapolis last week. The sessions in which the candidate promised to take an extraordinary course of congress to deal with the Philippine problem and the closing periods were the principal parts of the speech that went into the phonograph. It is expected that Bryan's speech as ground out by the phonograph will play an important part in the campaign.

Arrival of Shipwrecked Crew.

Norfolk, Aug. 14.—Captain Armstrong and crew of 20 of the British steamship Palatka, which was wrecked on Diamond shoal, off Hatteras, Thursday, have arrived here on a schooner. Captain Armstrong called on the British vice consul, and arrangements were made to send the sailors to Baltimore, where they will be paid off. Several of the Palatka's lifeboats are on the beach, but the ship and cargo are a total loss.

Fatal Freight Collision.

Baltimore, Aug. 14.—Two freight trains on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad collided late last night at Newington station, near this city. It is reported that the fireman and engineer of one of the trains were killed, but nothing definite can be ascertained.

Wants to Succeed Thurston.

Omaha, Aug. 14.—The World-Herald, Democratic, prints an announcement from Gilbert M. Hitchcock, publisher and owner of the paper, that he will be a Democratic candidate for the United States senatorship to succeed John M. Thurston.

Five Masted Schooner Launched.

Bath, Me., Aug. 14.—The William O. Carnegie, the largest five masted schooner afloat, was launched here successfully yesterday.

Weather Forecast.

Partly cloudy; light northerly winds.

BRYAN'S SON IN DANGER.

Saved From a Terrible Death by General Wheeler.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—General Joseph Wheeler, commander of the department of the lakes, yesterday saved the life of William Jennings Bryan, Jr., the 12-year-old son of the Democratic candidate for the presidency. The lad visited General Wheeler, and the latter, after his first greeting, turned to his work and allowed the youngster to amuse himself as best he might. Young Bryan found a loose chair and a big bundle of rubber bands. These he tied into a long string and then, securing the end to the bottom, went to a window and began bouncing the piece of iron up and down on the sidewalk, 75 feet below.

The general, concerned with his labors, paid no attention to the boy, who gradually became so interested in his play that he leaned farther and farther out of the casement of the window. "Fighting Joe" happened to glance up a few minutes later and was horrified to see the lad hanging with his whole body over the sidewalk and only the toes of his shoes visible, clutching the angle of the window. He sat up at his post, then, rushing to the window, he pulled the lad in by his legs and landed him safely on the floor.

Speaking of the occurrence afterward, General Wheeler acknowledged that young Bryan was within an inch of being dashed to death on the pavement below when he caught sight of him.

Creek Indians Secede.

Denison, Tex., Aug. 14.—The full blood Creek Indians refuse to take their allotments and have withdrawn from the regular Creek government. They have established a pure Indian government of their own, with Chihuahua as its head. No white persons or half breeds will be permitted to live with the full bloods, and the full bloods will keep to themselves and away from settlements where the others live. The government is to be run according to the ancient laws of the tribe. The Seminoles are disposed to make the same movement. It is not believed that the United States government will attempt to prevent the new government being put into operation, but if it does the Indians are expected to sell their lands and remove to Mexico, negotiations looking to a movement of that kind having been under way for some time.

Candidate Woolley Injured.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—John G. Woolley, candidate for president on the Prohibition ticket, is suffering from a serious injury to one of his shoulders, the result of falling down stairs at his home. Mr. Woolley was starting down the steps from the third floor, when his foot slipped on the hard wood floor, and he fell headlong. It was soon found that the upper arm bone had been wrenched from the socket, and some difficulty was encountered in getting it back to its right position. Mr. Woolley expects to be able to go to Missouri Wednesday night to fill some engagements to speak. An engagement which he had at Mount City, Mo., has been canceled.

Union Men Can't Join Militia.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 14.—According to a decree of the trades and labor council, union men cannot hereafter serve in the militia. This is the outcome of the salaried fishermen's strike during which the militia was called out to prevent the strikers from attacking the Japanese fishermen, who broke the deadlock by accepting the terms offered by the owners. The labor organizations have appointed commissions to act in the matter, and the militiamen will undoubtedly be declared ineligible for membership in the unions.

Ordered to China.

Chicago, Aug. 14.—General Joseph Wheeler, commanding the department of the lakes, received orders from Washington yesterday directing him to send off the first battalion of the Second regiment, now at Fort Thomas, as quickly as possible. The battalion must be in San Francisco ready to embark on the transport Sherman, which sails for China the latter part of this month. The regiment, and the adjutant general of the department, Colonel Lee, leave today on a tour of inspection to Columbus and Fort Thomas.

Nitroglycerin Explosion.

Montpelier, Ind., Aug. 14.—An explosion of nitroglycerin, used in shooting gas and oil wells, occurred near here. The Galitwa Nitroglycerin factory was demolished, and two men and a team near by were injured. Claude Jones had his right leg so badly injured that amputation will be necessary, and Albert Hayes was badly injured by the shock. There were 1,500 quarts of nitroglycerin in the explosion, and the country was shaken for miles around, plate glass windows being broken in Montpelier.

Fire on Steamer Cymric.

New York, Aug. 14.—The cargo of the White Star steamer Cymric, which has arrived from Liverpool via Queenstown, was partially damaged by fire discovered in the forward hold at noon on Aug. 5 when the vessel was 19 hours out from Queenstown. The fire was not extinguished until the next day, when it was under control. The vessel was slightly damaged. The extent of the damage to the cargo is not yet known.

Three Killed in a Fight.

Aberdeen, Miss., Aug. 14.—Homer and Walter Biddle and Will Lunsley were killed at Monroe Prairie in a fight on the bank of the river, in which J. S. Lanier and his sons, George and Jeff, also took part. A quarrel having occurred earlier in the day between the Laniers and the Biddles, which, however, was thought to have been settled until the second meeting took place.

Body of Missing Man Found.

Baltimore, Aug. 14.—The dismembered body of a farmer named Joseph Schaefer, who lived near the line between Baltimore and Howard counties, has been found in the Patuxent river near Woodstock, Md., and the police are confident that murder has been done.

Senator Mason Back From Alaska.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 14.—The City of Seattle arrived at Port Townsend yesterday, bringing considerable gold from Skagway. Senator William E. Mason of Alaska was a passenger.

Five Masted Schooner Launched.

Bath, Me., Aug. 14.—The William O. Carnegie, the largest five masted schooner afloat, was launched here successfully yesterday.

Weather Forecast.

Partly cloudy; light northerly winds.

NEW COXEY'S ARMY.

Porto Rican Unemployed March to San Juan.

San Juan, Porto Rico, Aug. 14.—More than 100 laborers, with their wives and children, reached this city yesterday after two days of weary marching, without food, from San Lorenzo, a distance of 27 miles. The procession, made up of all shades and conditions, led by a colored woman with an American flag and carrying banners on which were inscribed the words "Give Us Work," marched quietly through the city to the executive mansion, where a hot meal was made.

The spokesman then called upon Acting Civil Governor Hunt and explained that the object of the visit was to ask the government to open a road between Caguas and San Lorenzo, thus enabling the laboring classes of the district to get a livelihood. He pointed out that at present there was no work of any kind in that district and that the people, who were wholly dependent upon their daily earnings, were without bread and suffering.

Mr. Hunt replied sympathetically and promised that the government would do all in its power to relieve the situation. The delegation immediately retired, well pleased with the interview, and the procession left the city an hour after it had entered and began the return journey.

Orders were promptly issued for work to be begun on the road today and for the employment of as many persons as possible who might apply from the district.

July Exports and Imports.

Washington, Aug. 14.—The July statement of the imports and exports of the United States issued by the bureau of statistics shows the imports of merchandise to have been \$83,536,273, of which \$21,884,068 was free of duty. The total amount is over \$3,000,000 in excess of July, 1909. The exports of merchandise were \$100,413,501, an increase over the corresponding month last year of more than \$5,000,000.

Telegraphers Get More Pay.

Pittsburg, Aug. 14.—After several conferences with the Baltimore and Ohio railroad officials the Order of Railway Telegraphers has secured recognition of the order and a readjustment of wages and conditions which will mean an advance and betterment to the majority of the 2,500 or more operators employed on the Baltimore and Ohio system. The adjustment will reduce the rate of pay, but because of a reduction in hours of work. In some instances the advance will be between \$5 and \$10 a month.

Mrs. Booth-Tucker Better.

New York, Aug. 14.—Mrs. Booth-Tucker, wife of Commander Booth-Tucker of the Salvation Army, who has been ill at Spring Lake, near Astoria Park, N. J., and who was reported dying, is now said to be greatly improved in health and out of danger.

BRIEF NEWS NOTES.

A British-American union has been organized in San Francisco.

Three street railway strikers have been arrested in St. Louis charged with dynamiting.

Honolulu's death rate has grown until a quarantine against consumption has been discussed.

Philippine war veterans have gathered in Denver to form the Society of the Army of the Philippines.

Twelve people were killed and 40 injured in a railway accident between Rome and Florence on Sunday.

Three men were killed and four injured by the explosion of a pipe in the New York Steam company's building on Monday.

The number of Afghanistan has begun mobilizing forces, and it was reported in Lahore, India, that he would cross the Redoubt frontier.

The Geneva (N. Y.) City hospital will receive \$10,000 by the will of the late Hon. Judge Francis O. Mason. Upon the death of two sisters of the deceased it will also receive \$80,000 additional.

Neely's Extradition Delayed.

New York, Aug. 14.—Through a legal complication as peculiar as any that has ever been laid before the United States courts Charles F. W. Neely, accused of misappropriating thousands of dollars in connection with the administration of the postal department of Cuba, was not made subject to an order of extradition yesterday, and his case is more complex than ever. Judge Lacombe of the United States circuit court came to this city yesterday to sign an order for the extradition of Neely to Cuba. He did not sign it, however, because he found that John D. Lindsay, Neely's counsel, has applied to Judge Wallace for a writ of habeas corpus for his client and that Judge Wallace had denied the application. Neely's case is more complex than ever. Judge Lacombe of the United States circuit court came to this city yesterday to sign an order for the extradition of Neely to Cuba. He did not sign it, however, because he found that John D. Lindsay, Neely's counsel, has applied to Judge Wallace for a writ of habeas corpus for his client and that Judge Wallace had denied the application.

Heresy and Orthodoxy.

Heresy in olden times led to prison and stake. In the present age it leads to fame and professorship. One of the most interesting heresies of the present day is the Rev. Professor William Knight, of whom it may be truly said that he stepped from heterodoxy into high places. A quarter of a century ago he was the minister of a very humble tin church in an obscure street in Dundee, and had the good fortune to send an article, which was accepted, to the Contemporary Review on prayer. The leaders of the Free Kirk in the town mentioned, whose views were limited to narrow and safe, found, fortunately for Mr. Knight, that the views contained in the paper were "unsound," and the audacious writer was summoned before the local presbytery to answer his misdeeds. For a year or so the Knight heresy case was the talk of the theological world, and the little tin church around the humble minister was filled with worshippers. But it made his reputation—perhaps his fortune. His congregation increased tremendously. From the tin church in an obscure locality he and his migrated to a magnificent cathedral, built in the best thoroughfare. Shortly afterward he joined the Established church, and very soon was appointed professor of moral philosophy in the University of St. Andrew. Since then his career has been one of uninterrupted success, but he has not further dabbled in heresy. The irony of fate is shown in the fact that while Professor Knight is now well known everywhere, the renowned orthodox gentleman who was his principal persecutor fell into the obscurity of a secondary school connected with the Free Kirk—London Telegraph.

Mexican Fever on a Bark.

Norfolk, Aug. 14.—The Norwegian bark Kypria put into Hampton Roads with six cases of cholera on board and signaled for help. She was boarded off Old Point Comfort by Dr. Brown, quarantine officer, who sent her to quarantine. Cholera fever, also known as "Mexican fever," is frequently contracted by seamen on ships that touch at Mexican ports.

Last of Confederate Cabinet.

Dallas, Aug. 14.—Judge John H. Reagan, chairman of the Texas state railway commission and the only surviving member of Jefferson Davis' cabinet, has announced that he will resign his position next January and retire permanently from public life. He says he will devote the remainder of his life to writing his memoirs. Judge Reagan is 80 years old.

Jeffries Hurt.

New York, Aug. 14.—Champion James J. Jeffries wrenched one of his ankles by falling from a bicycle at his training quarters at Loch Arbor, near Astbury Park, N. J. The injury is painful, but not dangerous.

MORE DETAILS OF PLOT.

A Sensational Confession Made by C. Luigi Alfieri.

TO SLAY PRESIDENT MCKINLEY.

Man Said to Have Been Selected to Kill President After Dressed His Plot—Warning to Government Discredited by Secret Service.

New York, Aug. 14.—The Herald says: "Lots were cast on May 1 by anarchists for the assassination of rulers. 'By the first lot Gaetano Bresci was selected to kill King Humbert. 'By the second... was chosen to assassinate President McKinley. 'Men were also named to assassinate President Loubet of France, Emperor William of Germany and the emperor of Austria."

"The Italian consul general in this city was informed on May 10 of the plot to kill King Humbert and the authorities at Washington of the conspiracy to assassinate President McKinley."

"Such are the startling statements made in a letter signed by C. Luigi Alfieri, who says he is a member of the anarchist society of Paterson, and addressed to Signor Barosetti, editor of Il Progresso Italo-Americano. Alfieri declares that the anarchists are now seeking his life, and he is hiding in this city."

"He details the consequences of his exposure, but says his conscience compels him to speak. He charges that Consul General Branchi did not notify his government in good time of the plot to kill King Humbert when knowledge of it was given to him."

"Alfieri's story is most remarkable. The fact that Chairman (O'Dell) of the Republican state committee was warned of a plot to assassinate the president lends credence to his statements."

"In his letter, which really amounts to a confession, Alfieri says he was enlisted in the anarchist society of Paterson by direct. As soon as he knew the real objects of the organization he was anxious to withdraw."

First Lot Drawn by Bresci.

"Friends warned him that to attempt to withdraw would mean death. He remained in the society, but with the determination to gain all its secrets. He attended the meetings of the society for nine months. Alfieri says that the first lot drawn on May 1 was by Bresci, by which it was determined he was to kill King Humbert."

"The letter names the man who drew the second lot, which was to determine who the assassin of President McKinley should be. Alfieri says the names of the men chosen to kill President Loubet, Emperor William and the emperor of Austria will never be known."

"Being translated, the letter continues as follows: 'I already notified the federal government a few days ago. However, Chev. Buehl was notified on May 16 that the killing of Humbert by Gaetano Bresci, etc., had been voted. 'Now I am living in New York and always hidden in order not to meet with a sure death, as I was menaced by the same society. Now I have such an awful time only because I tried to avoid a great mischief, but doing so I have no remorse not to have accomplished my duty, and I am waiting for the hour to disappear from this infamous society.'"

Branchi Never Heard of Alfieri.

Consul General Branchi when seen last night at the Lotus club said that such a charge emanating from such a source was unworthy of an answer. "I may say, however, that I have never been the subject of a statement, but I have never before heard of Luigi Alfieri. Further than that I cannot dignify the statement contained in it by being interviewed on the subject."

Friends of Chevalier Branchi were inclined to attribute the charges published against him to animus inspired by the omission by him of certain names from the list of 100 citizens prominent in the Italian colony appointed to call the recent mass meeting in Tammany hall to give expression to the sentiments of Italian Americans.

It was pointed out by them that a series of such letters has since that time been sent to the Italian press and given prominence in Il Progresso, whose editor, Carlo Barosetti, and Chevalier Branchi, they say, are not on the best of terms.

Secret Service Men Investigated.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Chief Willie is satisfied that there is nothing in the story that an anarchist has been selected by lot to kill President McKinley. An anonymous letter was received several days ago telling of the alleged drawing of lots and the selection of a man to assassinate the president. The matter was looked into far enough to convince the secret service officials that there was nothing in it. Such letters are frequently received, and in all cases where there seems to be a possibility that an anarchist plot is being hatched they are investigated. In many cases it is found that the letters are written by persons having an object in casting suspicion on some other person.

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PORTSMOUTH POST OFFICE.

MAILS ARRIVE.

From New York, West and South, 10:30 a. m. 1:30, 6:30 p. m. Boston and way stations, 10:30 a. m. 1:30, 6:30 p. m. All points East, 7:30 a. m. 8:30, 9:30 p. m. Portland and way stations, 7:30, 11:30 a. m. 8:30, 9:30 p. m. Concord and points North, 7:30, 11:30 a. m. 8:30, 9:30 p. m. Concord and points North,

WANTED TO LOSE.

BUT THE SENATOR WON THOUSANDS AGAINST HIS WILL.

An interesting story of a comedy enacted in Pringle's famous gambling establishment in Washington in Antebellum days.

"I came here with the first senator from Minnesota after the territory was admitted as a state," said Colonel Cole Martin to a group of listeners one evening.

"Henry N. Rice served one term as United States senator, and I, being a resident of St. Paul, was not going to the legislature and taking part in the fight, concluded to come on to Washington, as in those days, 1853, Washington was a wide open town, and faro was as free then as a beer lunch is now. Of course I had an acquaintance among the sports, and shortly after I erected my tepee in the capital the senator invited me to visit him.

"While making the rounds one afternoon we got hungry, and I invited him into Pringle's. Pringle's at this time was the finest gambling house in Washington. The proprietor served three elegant meals a day to his guests and patrons without charge. It was a rendezvous for all manner and kinds of men with money. You could meet there in groups a foreign ambassador, a United States senator, judges, generals and, of course, men, like myself, who followed the green cloth as a profession.

"I was in or about my thirtieth year and thought no more of win or lose \$5,000 than I would now of a single \$5 bill. There were no 10 or 25 cent chips in those days. The 'whites' cost \$1, the very lowest price for them. Nobody thought of buying a stack of chips under \$50, and play was high. I was as high a roller as the best of them, for just previous to my arrival in Washington I had lost as 'banker' in two nights over \$30,000.

"Well, Senator Rice and myself enjoyed Pringle's life spread. I introduced the senator, and, as he had never played a card, like old Matt Carpenter, he knew all the 'boys' and was gracious and democratic in his associations with them. He felt embarrassed over eating such an elegant meal and not having to pay for it.

"Passing a faro layout in the next room, he threw down a \$5 gold piece on a card expecting to lose it. To his surprise and chagrin, however, he won. This made the matter worse than ever, as he did not want to win, but to lose the \$5 as an indirect payment for the meal he had eaten. While he was in a quandary I bought a stack of chips and soon became absorbed in the game.

"The senator's bets were placed haphazard, he not knowing whether they were placed right or not and not caring, except that he wanted to lose and get out of the place. But lose he couldn't, and I soon dropped out, being broke, to watch his play and marvel at his ever increasing pile. He soon had a crowd around him, which added to his embarrassment, and he appealed to me to help him get broke, as he wanted to get out and did not want to take any of the bank's money with him.

"Well, this was the funniest snap I ever experienced in my life of over 70 years. There sat the senator and myself playing for all we were worth to reduce his winnings, and play any way we chose, the piles of chips increased. I, who had been so unlucky, caught the fever of the senator's luck, and I won in a streak.

"The senator's face was as white as his shirt, and he was as scared a man as ever I saw in my life. But the play went on, and owing to the fact that at that time there was no limit at Pringle's the bets were so high that the modern 25 cent chip player would get the grip if I should mention the size of the bets.

"Finally Mr. Pringle called me to one side and told me that his partners objected to the game without a limit. He was willing, however, to play the limit without it, but he was compelled to defer to the wishes of his partners and would place the limit at \$250 a bet.

"He said it was all right to have me play on, as he liked me and all that, but I was the first man who ever forced him to put a limit on the game. When I returned to the table, I quietly informed the senator, and he looked distressed, as he saw no chance, from his point of view, in getting rid of his winnings at a \$250 limit.

"We played until midnight, and the senator at last yielded to fatigue and ordered me to cash in. When he counted the roll in his room, our joint winnings were just \$31,300, of which sum he staked me as my share to \$10,000. Said he when he gave me the money:

"Martin, I never played a card in my life before this afternoon, and I will never play another card as long as I live. This money I will do something with which shall not immediately benefit myself or my family."

"I visited St. Paul 20 years after this occurrence and met the senator. True to his word, he had never touched a card, and I learned from others who got wind of the play in Washington that the senator's winnings were expended in helping struggling young fellows to get a start in life, accompanied in every case by the condition that they should never play in a gaming house.

"I venture to say that this is the most remarkable case on record of a man's unexpected and undesired large winnings turning him against gambling and card playing and scaring him almost to death. I was then so reckless with money that it made no sort of difference to me whether I won or lost \$20,000, so you can imagine how I regarded the senator's squeamishness.

"But you see he was right after all and took the proper view of the matter, for money which comes easy in a winning at faro goes easy the same way. In a week I had lost the \$10,000 and thought no more of it than I do now of losing a \$10 bill."—Washington Post.

Both Made Books.

"What's your game?" asked the man with the big cigar in the Pullman.

"If you mean my profession," replied the other with dignity, "I'm a maker of books."

"And I'm a bookmaker," cried the first heartily.

"Shake!"—Syracuse Herald.

According to chemical analysis, 15 parts of the flesh of fish have about the nutritive value as 12 parts of bone with gold.

STARTLED THE WATCHERS.

A Weird Incident That Occurred at the Bier of Schopenhauer.

A very curious story by Guy de Maupassant has come to light in Paris. According to Maupassant's manuscript, the story was told to him by a German who, with a friend, spent the night in Schopenhauer's funeral chamber. The great German philosopher had died during the day, and his two admirers prepared to watch over his remains during the dark hours.

Said the German: "Schopenhauer had just died, and we two had decided to stay in his room until morning. Two lights were burning on the table. At midnight our watch began, and after the body till that hour had gone away we took up our position at the foot of the bed. The body of the dead man was unheeded. I smiled. The wrinkle which we knew so well was firmly marked, and the countenance looked altogether so natural that it would not have surprised us if our dead friend had opened his eyes and laughed at us. Yet the memory of his profound thoughts weighed upon us, and we felt ourselves surrounded by the atmosphere of his genius. The body of such a man may be stilled by death, but the man himself remains, and not without reason one might touch his presence. We spoke about him softly; we recalled those wonderful maxims of his which threw such a clear light on many of the dark problems of life.

"I can almost fancy I hear him speak," whispered my companion, and at the mere thought we became still more uneasy, as we sat quite still, our eyes fixed on the motionless, smiling face. Suddenly we felt weak and as though some power was pressing upon us. I stammered: 'I don't know what is the matter, but I assure you I am sick.' Thereupon my companion suggested that we should go into the adjoining room and leave the door open, and I took his advice. Taking with us one of the candles, we sat down at the farther end of the other room in such a manner that we had a full view of the bed and of the dead man.

"Still, however, a strange uneasiness possessed us, and though we were wholly enthralled by the disembodied genius of the dead philosopher. All at once we heard a slight noise in the death chamber. We looked toward the body, and then quite distinctly both of us saw something white roll over the bed, fall on the carpet and vanish under a sofa. At the sight we sprang to our feet, terrified beyond measure. Our hearts beat wildly. I spoke first.

"'What are we to do?'"

"'We must see what it means,' was my companion's hesitating reply.

"I took our light, led the way into the death chamber and then cast a hasty look around. Nothing stirred, and I approached the bed. The next moment, however, a great terror seized me, for I saw that Schopenhauer was no longer smiling. His face, on the contrary, presented a horrible appearance, for his lips were tightly pressed together, and in his cheeks there were two great hollows. I stammered, 'He is not dead,' and I stood staring at him as though bereft of my senses.

"Thereupon my companion took the other candle and stooped down, and in a moment or two he touched my arm, but did not utter a word. I looked where he pointed, and I saw on the ground beside the sofa something white that gleamed strangely on the dark carpet, and I saw at once what it was. It was Schopenhauer's false teeth, and they seemed to be in the act of biting. As the body had decayed the fastening that held the teeth in position had gradually become so loose that they dropped from the mouth and rolled from the bed on to the floor."

No Waste in the Ox.

It is remarkable to what an extent the ox, when slaughtered, is utilized. Not so very long ago fully 40 per cent of the carcass was wasted. It may be said that today nothing is wasted; everything, from the horns to the tail, is turned into money. The blood is used in the refining of sugar, or is hardened and employed in the manufacture of doorknobs and handles; the skin goes to the tanner; the horns and hoofs are turned into combs and buttons, the shins into backs of clothesbrushes. The bones of the fore feet are worth \$25 a ton, being made into collar buttons, umbrella handles and various novelties, after the marrow has been boiled out of them. The small bones are burned instead of coal. From each foot a considerable quantity of oil is extracted; the tail is made into soap. The hair goes to the mattress maker and upholsterer; the fat to also makers; the intestines are used as sausage wrappers or are sold to goldbeaters. Even the undigested stuff in the stomach is turned to account, being made into paper. If anything is left over, it is turned into glue or is put on land as a fertilizer.—New York World.

His Assets.

The badgering lawyer sometimes succeeds only in affording the witness an opportunity to show off his own wit at the lawyer's expense. And then the spectators are happy.

A certain man was before the poor debtors' court in New York and testified that his only assets were his salary as a member of the Blank company.

"But you must have something else," said the prosecuting counsel. "Tell the court what else you have."

"That's all."

"What—no personal property?"

"No, yes, a dog—and a watch!"

"Now, this is hard. What else?" persisted the attorney, believing he was on the right track.

"And a case of rheumatism," said the witty witness.

An Earthquake Alarm.

The Japanese are said to have discovered that a few seconds previous to an earthquake the magnet temporarily loses its power, and they have ingeniously constructed a light frame supporting a horse-shoe magnet beneath which is a cup of bell metal. The armature is attached to a weight, so that upon the magnet becoming paralyzed the weight drops and, striking the cup, gives the alarm. Every one in the house then seeks the open air for safety.

There are some faults slight in the estimate of wisdom, but truth forgives no insult and endures no stain.

The disagreeable person generally puts himself or herself on not being a hypocrite.—Indianapolis Journal.

DON'T CROWD.

Don't crowd; this world is large enough for you as well as me.

The doors of all are open wide. The realm of thought is free. Of all earth's places, you are right to choose the best you can. Provided that you do not try to crowd, some other man.

What matter though your source can count Your piles of golden ore, While he can hardly strive to keep Gaunt famine from the door? Of willing hands and honest hearts Alone should men be proud.

Then give him all the room he needs, And never try to crowd.

Don't crowd, proud miss! Your dainty silk Will gladden none the less. Because it comes in contact with A beggar's tattered dress.

This lovely world was never made For you and me alone; The pathway has a right to tread The pathway to a throne.

Don't crowd the good from out your heart By tastering all that is best. Be each day's record such a one That you may well be proud; Give each his right, give each his room, And never try to crowd.

—Pearson's Weekly.

BROKEN SUSPENDERS.

Men Who Would Rather Tie Them Up Than Buy New Ones.

"It's funny," said a Park road haberdasher, "but it's true that 50 per cent of the men of New York are going about with broken suspenders. I've known men worth millions of dollars who neglected to purchase suspenders until their attention was called to the fact that they needed them. The other day a man came in here to buy some neckwear. While he was waiting to be served he kept tugging at a suspender button on his trousers. As the perspiration kept rolling down his neck he bit his lips and mumbled something that sounded like cuss words. He finally asked me if I could give him a piece of twine. When I got it for him, he unbuttoned his waistcoat and proceeded to tie together the parts of an old suspender.

"I'll sell you a new pair for a quarter," I remarked, pointing to a bunch of new suspenders. Continuing, I told him we had some beauties for half a dollar and better ones for a dollar. He said nothing, but continued the work of tying up his broken suspender. Finally I thrust a box of suspenders in front of him, and he reached for a pair.

"Thank you," he said, and he proceeded to take off his coat and waistcoat. Then he threw his old suspenders on the floor, and as he fastened on the new ones he said they felt fine. He told me that he had been feeling uncomfortable for a week and didn't really know the cause of it until he discarded the old suspenders.

"Unless my wife buys a pair for me at Christmas time," he said, "I never think about it and want to have on until they actually fall off. I know thousands of wealthy men who are like me in that respect. The other day when I called upon a friend at the Waldorf-Astoria he was engaged repairing his suspenders with a piece of wire. Strange to say, he never thought of sending his valet for a new pair, although he was paying \$50 a day for a suit of rooms on the fourth floor."

"That fellow," continued the haberdasher, "is a sample of New York's business men. They'll invest thousands of dollars in stocks and bonds, but forget about investing a quarter in suspenders. Most New Yorkers wait until they get a pair as a Christmas or birthday present. German-Americans living in New York, as a rule, get suspenders for Easter Monday; Irish-Americans get presents of suspenders on Easter Sunday morning; Italian-Americans who have made New York their home get new suspenders at Christmas time."

"And what about native New Yorkers?" asked a bystander.

"Oh," said the haberdasher, "they get new ones when the string breaks!"—New York Sun.

Making Him Whole.

"It takes the glorious old west to do business," said the man with the alligator grip, as he boarded the train at St. Paul.

"We of the east are not in it a little bit."

"Anything to relate?" queried one of the passengers as he woke up.

"Just a few words. I traveled from New York to Chicago with a staving looking girl. At Buffalo I was gone over to Detroit where we were engaged. As we returned Chicago she had set the date. I returned home, wrote her 320 love letters, and came out here to get married."

"And what about native New Yorkers?" asked a bystander.

"Oh," said the haberdasher, "they get new ones when the string breaks!"—New York Sun.

One Swap.

One evening at the Devonshire club a New York friend was talking to Phil May of Punch about his youth.

"You seem pretty well contented with the world. You haven't the appearance of a man who knows what unhappiness means."

"Haven't I?" responded the artist, with his odd little chuckle. "Let me tell you a very short and very true story. Not half a century ago when we were sitting I met a youngster one day with a big slice of bacon between two slices of bread in his hands. I was carrying a handsome walking stick. The boy looked at my cane enviously, and I looked at his bacon hungrily. Our eyes met, and, without speaking a word, we swapped, and I needed the bread and bacon much more than he needed the cane."—London Truth.

An Unpleasant Walk.

"The right of burial," says The East London Church Chronicle, "in the churchyard of a parish in the north of London is being keenly disputed by the rector of the parish. Addressing his congregation on the subject the other Sunday, he wound up with the following: 'In fine, if you submit to this outrageous imposition, then in a few years, when our call to rest shall come, we shall have to walk over five miles to find graves for ourselves.'"

"Which, if we remember rightly, was the distance St. Denis, who carried his head under his arm, walked on his way to Paris."

Counterfeit Bills.

The average counterfeit bill shows better work on the right hand side than on the left. More care is taken to make the work accurate, because unless a man is left handed it is customary in counting a pile of bills to hold the left ends down and turn up only the right ends.

Safe From Lightning.

"Some of the simplest things in the world," says The Scientific American, "are the most efficacious. If you are afraid of lightning, here's a very simple safeguard to remember: Simply put on your rubbers and then stand up so that your clothes won't touch anywhere. Whether you're indoors or out of doors you're perfectly safe, for rubber is a non-conductor, and you are completely insulated."

Ancient.

Horse Dealer—You had better buy the horse, colonel. You will never find a healthier animal.

Colonel Dashaway—I believe it. If he had been healthy all his life, he never would have lived so long.

TOUSE'S FIRE COMPANY.

Little Opportunity to Fight Flames, but Useful in Other Ways.

A stranger went into the engine house in Lassalle street and asked questions. After he was enlightened he said to his informant:

"There have been some changes in the business since I was in it. I reckon you never heard of the Touse volunteers?"

"The informant never had."

"Touse is the name of the town. It's spelled T-o-u-s-e. It was a lively place in its day, down in the lower end of Buchanan county, Mo.—county that St. Joe's in. It was a volunteer outfit, the company was. We had a hand engine, and our uniform was red shirts, blue nankeen breeches, red top boots and oilcloth caps. You never see any caps like them now."

"Have many runs?"

"Not to first. There wasn't but one fire in the town in two years, and that was a backyard."

"You hadn't much to do, then?"

"Didn't we! We was in demand all the time. Touse was a great place in its day for runaway couples to get married, and, as the captain of the volunteers was the justice of the peace, he always called out the company to be present at the connubials, as he called them, and there was no marriage until we got there. Sometimes there was a dance after the wedding in the public square, and the bride had to allemande left and assaway with every member of the volunteers before she did with her husband."

"Then we used to have foot races on the Fourth of July, and whenever there was a county fair we were the ones to get together lovely. In the winter time, when the circuit riders came to town and there was no marriage until we got there. Sometimes there was a dance after the wedding in the public square, and the bride had to allemande left and assaway with every member of the volunteers before she did with her husband."

"There were no secret orders in Touse at that time, so when a prominent citizen kicked the bucket, as we said of a man when he died, the Touse volunteers turned out and planted him with Masonic or Odd Fellow honors, according to the wishes of his friends. There was no hearse in the town, so we put the deceased on the engine. If his friends wanted Masonic honors over his grave, our captain would toot the trumpet; if it was Odd Fellow honors that was demanded, we'd toot a bell, and in the way of saying 'Touse always knew which way the deceased had affiliated, so to speak, in his life. There wasn't much in Touse that the volunteers didn't take a hand in.'—Chicago Tribune.

WALL PAPER.

The Successor of Tapestry, Stamped Leather and Paper Cloth.

A remarkable fact in regard to wall paper is that the method of printing the better sort of paper is precisely the same as that of the printing of the colored book with the Jesuit cut in relief and for each color, are applied by hand, and in order to suit the productions of the paper mills these blocks are made in England 21 inches wide and in France 18 inches wide. The length of the block is limited to what the workman can easily lift with one hand, two feet being about the limit, as the blocks are necessarily thick and in many cases made heavier by being inked with copper, especially in the case of outlines, which, if made of wood, would not stand the wear and tear of printing.

It was not till the nineteenth century that wall paper in anything like its present form came into common use in Europe, although it appears to have been used much earlier in China. A few rare examples, which may be as early as the sixteenth century, exist in England, but these are in imitations, generally in paper like the old Chinese and Japanese cut velvets, and hence the style of the design in no way indicates the date of the wall paper, the same traditional patterns being reproduced with little or no change for many years. It was not till the end of the eighteenth century that the machinery to make paper in long strips was invented. Up to that time wall papers were printed on small square pieces of handmade paper and were very expensive. On this account wall paper was also in general disrepute, the old mural decorations, such as tapestry, stamped leather and paper cloth.

The wall papers now printed by machinery have the designs cut on the surface of wooden rollers, under which the paper passes. In the cheaper grades all colors are applied rapidly, one after the other, without allowing each to dry separately, and a somewhat blurred appearance is generally the result. Designing was, in fact, a paragon in an occupation for women, which is highly lucrative to those who possess skill and ingenuity.—New York Tribune.

Swimming.

In the United States and other navies swimming is a compulsory part of a seaman's education. Our fishermen are trained by expert swimmers. They are placed in slings in the first lessons and dropped from the boom into the ocean, where they are taught the stroke. Some of our jacks have no aptitude, and at best make indifferent swimmers, while others take to the water like ducks.

"Swimming ought to be made, were it possible, a part of the curriculum of every school. If one can sustain himself even for a minute or two and make a dozen strokes to an untrained boat or a life line, it may mean preservation from a watery grave."—Washington Star.

Puts Roins on His Nose.

"Isn't it strange," said Mr. Burton when he noticed a man, "that his covetries are made? Of course that is a general statement, but to the case in question. I wear glasses, as you know, but I found great trouble in keeping them on. They were continually following the laws of gravity, and falling to the floor. The trouble was that I did not have a bridge of size, and I spent money and time experimenting with different kinds of springs and clips and nose pieces, but all proved failures."

"Now, the other night I had an idea (that's all right, I am guilty of an idea once in awhile) that if I would put some powdered rosin on my nose that would hold 'em for awhile, so I accordingly hunted up my friend, the violinist, and, getting some rosin, made the test."

"Was it a success? Why I can turn a handspike backward and those glasses are still doing business at the old stand."—Richmond Times.

The British Cabinet.

The authority attached in England to simple custom or usage cannot be better illustrated than in the fact that, although the cabinet has existed as the real executive power in the government for more than a century and a half, it is an institution entirely unknown to the law, never having been recognized by any act of parliament. There is no official announcement of the names of its members and no official record of its meetings.

A Scene in Sardinia.

On a fete day in Sardinia the wives and daughters of the farmers and tradesmen present a wonderful spectacle from the gorgeousness of their costumes. These are sort of helms, which never vary in fashion and are handed down again and again from mother to daughter.

Little Girl (to visitor)—Don't you think I look just like mamma?

Her Mother—Hush, dear; don't be vain.—Ohio State Journal.

"HIGH" LIVING.

Three Remarkable Weeks of It in the Petersburg Trenches.

"Speaking of delicacies," said an old veteran of one of the Louisiana regiments the other afternoon, "the highest living that ever fell to my lot was during three weeks in the winter and spring of 1865 that I spent in the trenches at Petersburg. I don't mean to say that the bill of fare would greatly appeal to me now, but at the time of which I speak I thought I was living in royal style."

The reporter to whom he was talking remarked at this point that, while he had not been there at the time, he had always understood from those who had not the trenches of Petersburg did not afford much scope for the gourmand.

Then the veteran continued:

"Let me about in this way: There were eight of us in our mess, and all of us except one had managed to get through the winter with some sort of covering for our feet. We called them 'shoes' then, but I don't suppose that the term would be used by many people of the present generation who are used to patent leather, victrola and tan shoes. The eighth man, however, had gone barefooted from November, 1864, until the middle of February, 1865. I don't know how it came about, but he was finally issued a pair of new shoes. The day the shoes were given we all gathered about him and examined them with curiosity, and it must be confessed, a rather envious interest. Our messmate looked at the shoes, then at his bare feet and then at us, as if debating a serious problem. Then he said: 'I'll tell you what we'll do. I've gone barefooted for so long that I reckon I can stand it now. If I can't, I'll have you fellows will take these shoes and trade 'em off for something to eat. I'll make a contribution to the bill of fare of the mess.'"

"That night two of us slipped out from the trenches, got through the Yankee lines and went 20 miles out in Dinwiddie county to a gristmill. We succeeded in trading the shoes for two bushels of cornmeal and bore it back in triumph. Well, sir, for two weeks our mess lived like lords. Three times a day we had cornmeal 'coffee,' cornmeal cakes and cornmeal gravy, and I reckon when we surrendered at Appomattox we were the eight fattest Confederates Grant ever got hold of."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

SAILORS AS SWIMMERS.

Why Jack Tar Drowns When He Falls Overboard.

"In The Star recently," said a captain in the United States navy, "I saw a dispatch which recounted the death by drowning of seven men in a single day in the waters surrounding New York, of whom two were sailors, one a petty officer on a yacht."

"To a landsman it appears strange that all sailors are not swimmers, but the converse of the proposition is more apt to be true, and men ashore, especially those who live near water, can usually swim."

"Jack aboard does not take kindly to water, and though he spends his life on it, he seldom gets in it, and when he does he is apt to go down. I explain the incongruity by advancing another one, which is, that they do not have the opportunity to learn, and they are, as a rule, disinclined to do so in any event. Throw a man overboard, and if he has not learned to swim he sinks. All of the lower animals swim naturally, from an elephant to a kitten or a puppy. Man has the same sustaining power, but the mental influence of the fear of death is so overpowering that he founders, his mouth and lungs fill with water, and he sinks."

"Deep water sailors, always on shipboard, cannot learn as a man may ashore. The latter learns when a boy or goes to the beach or river and picks it up stroke by stroke, but there is initially a bottom on which his feet may rest. No such opportunity is offered on board of ship with the fathomless ocean beneath the keel."

"In the United States and other navies swimming is a compulsory part of a seaman's education. Our fishermen are trained by expert swimmers. They are placed in slings in the first lessons and dropped from the boom into the ocean, where they are taught the stroke. Some of our jacks have no aptitude, and at best make indifferent swimmers, while others take to the water like ducks."

"Swimming ought to be made, were it possible, a part of the curriculum of every school. If one can sustain himself even for a minute or two and make a dozen strokes to an untrained boat or a life line, it may mean preservation from a watery grave."—Washington Star.

DELEGATES ELECTED.

At a meeting of General Gilman Marston Command held on Tuesday evening the following delegates and alternates were chosen to the National and Department encampments:

To the National encampment, which will be held in Washington, D. C., Oct. 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 5th, delegates, James R. Sizewood, Robert J. Churchill; alternates, Charles A. Gray, Timothy B. Oliver.

To the Department encampment to be held in Laconia, Nov. 13 and 14th, delegates, John P. Tibbets, John C. Stevens, Robert J. Churchill, Stephen A. Preble; alternates, George R. Ratt, Thomas L. Jose, Carl Carly, Norman W. Lord.

Magnificent Teeth.

A man went to a dentist and asked him to "take a look at his teeth." The dentist did so and seemed full of admiration.

"What do you think of them?" asked the patient.

"Magnificent! Magnificent!" was all the dentist could say.

"Then you don't find anything to do to them?"

"To do to them? Why, there are four to be pulled, six to be filled and three to be crowned!" said the dentist.—Scraps.

Will Make You Sleepy.

"A novel remedy for insomnia," says a Philadelphia doctor, "is to try to picture to yourself another person asleep. The more clearly a sleepless sufferer can do this the stronger becomes the subjective feeling of drowsiness."

Seeking Information.

Applicant For Situation as Parker Maid.—Should I be expected to hand things at lunch, madam, or John stretch?—Punch.

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FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS.

You want local news? Read the Herald. More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1900.

Evidently the hot wave is broken, but it took a big lot of high explosives to do the business.

Time was when Adlai Stevenson regarded Abraham Lincoln as no better than an imperialist.

Chicago insists that her census shall be taken all over again. But why can't she wait until she grows up with the country?

If Li Hung Chang sues for peace he will doubtless get a verdict, but simple justice requires that the costs shall be placed on the plaintiff.

While the man on trial for the assassination of Mr. Goebel may be guilty, there can be no doubt that his trial has been chiefly a political affair.

Nevertheless, as Bryan will observe, the dollar isn't so far above the man but that the latter can reach it with the aid of the republican prosperity ladder.

Bryan's expectations that he will find more friends in the "enemy's country" this year than he did in 1896 may not be entirely disappointed. Still, there is no danger of overcrowding.

Statisticians estimate that it would require a railroad train 750 miles long to carry this year's wheat crop in Kansas. Yet Bryan imagines that he could stand in front of that train and derail it by yelling "Calamity!"

Bryan, like Haman, is preparing to hang himself on the gallows which he has been building for his enemies, and the real "flag furlers," as in the case of the ancient Bryan on the day of Purim, will hiss as his name is mentioned.

So far as can be made out, all the "anti-imperialist" abuse which has been heaped upon Senator Hoar has been provoked entirely by his stubborn refusal to place his conscience on deposit in Irving Winslow's cold storage warehouse.

Li Hung Chang carried a costly coffin along with him on his famous tour of Europe and America, but left it in France on his way home. The persons having this piece of furniture in their possession are requested to forward it to the owner.

"Four years ago, fellow-citizens, you will remember how I demonstrated that the price of all the world's commodities was governed by the price of silver." This formula for beginning a democratic speech is placed at the disposal of the Bryan spellbinders.

If the Chinese authorities cut off communication between the American government and its representative in Peking, how long are the American authorities bound to maintain free communication between the Chinese government and its representative in Washington? With regard to this urgent question Col. Wu Ting Fang is entitled to the floor and part of the basement.

Mr. Bryan signs an appeal, under date of August 10, to the democrats of the United States, in which he refers to "the hitherto unchallenged American theory of political equality everywhere under our flag." Are not Mississippi, Louisiana, North and South Carolina and Alabama, for example, "under our flag"? He adds that, "This year every citizen should be a politician." But how is it possible? Many hundreds of thousands of colored citizens in the South would like to follow his advice—but they cannot because Mr. Bryan's party has robbed them of the opportunity. These citizens can only sit still and wonder why the candidate doesn't come to their relief on his way to the Philippines.

If it be true, as charged that Uncle Paul Kruger is making enormous contributions to the Bryan campaign fund, it is the most amazing folly that he has ever committed. Uncle Kruger might better spend his money for beer or use it for fuel, as far as any practical results are concerned.

China has gone too far herself to expect the cosmopolitan army now moving upon Peking not to go farther. The proposal for an armistice, under which the allies shall cease hostilities and suspend their advance while negotiations are continued through Earl Li, comes too late to be heeded. There would be no security for future peace if the world were now to accept as a favor at imperial hands the protection and deliverance of its ministers, which it has warrant to demand as a right. The Chinese government makes the safety of the legations the consideration in return for which it asks the concession of an armistice. That is little more than brigandage. The advance must go on, and the parties at interest must come to terms, not at arm's length, but face to face.

NAVAL MATTERS.

Items of General Interest, Personal Mention and Various Notes.

The Dixie will be overhauled at the New York yard.

Over 100 men were put to work at the Brooklyn navy yard on Monday. The most of them were laborers.

Three musicians at the Brooklyn navy yard sent in their resignations. They objected to the extra work of rendering music at the raising of the colors in the morning.

New advertisements for proposals to furnish armor plate in place of those rejected on Saturday were issued by the navy department. The new bids will be opened on Oct. 2nd.

Rear Admiral Kempff has left Nagasaki for Cavite in the flagship Newark to assume command of the United States naval forces in the Philippines. He is not expected to return to China.

The magazine number of the Outlook, published this week, has a very good cut and a sketch of Rear Admiral Kemei, U. S. N., commander of the naval forces in Chinese waters.

The Graven has had a successful trial trip and the report of the board of approval of the craft. She will remain at Norfolk probably for some time after her acceptance and then proceed to Portsmouth for the winter.

The navy department has adopted a bathing trunk for the use of members of crews bathing from ships. The bath-trunk now required under the policy of having all enlisted men in the service know something of swimming.

Civil Engineer McKay, on duty at the Port Royal Naval station, has written the navy department submitting estimates for next year's improvements at that place, aggregating \$4,000,000. The project includes two stone docks.

MOVEMENTS OF NAVAL VESSELS.

The battleship Texas has arrived at Bath, Me., the cruiser Michigan at Mackinac Island, the battleships Kentucky and Massachusetts at Squid Island, Me., the cruiser Prairie at Newport and the cruiser Albany at Naples.

The training ship Monongahela has sailed from Portsmouth, England, for Havre, the Potomac with the monitor Nantuxet in tow from Port Royal for League Island, and the despatch boat Dolphin from Castine, Me., for Frenchman's Bay and Portland.

The flagship New York has sailed from Portland for Newport.

The supply ship Glacier has sailed from Cape Verde for Sydney to get Australian meats.

ADVISING WITH VETERANS.

Major J. A. Greene is in town today, advising with the prominent members of the Amoskeag veterans regarding their proposed trip to Portsmouth as the guests of the board of trade of that city on Sept. 15th. If the organization decides to go it is the major's desire that an excursion be arranged that will rival the famous Wain trip of last year. The proposed Portsmouth trip will in no way interfere with the five days' excursion already arranged for to Montreal and Quebec. In answer to the question of the Mirror man as to his prospects politically the major said: "Oh, I have no reason to complain." Major Greene respectfully but emphatically declined to be interviewed regarding the recent primaries held in Exeter. —Manchester Mirror, 14th inst.

THEY STRUCK IT RICH.

It was a grand thing for this community that such an enterprising firm as the Globe Grocery Co. secured the agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the wonderful remedy that has started the world by its marvelous cures. The furor of enthusiasm over it has boomed their business, as the demand for it is immense. They give free trial bottles to sufferers, and positively guarantee to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, and all Throat and Lung Troubles. A trial proves its merit. Price 50 cents and \$1.00.

STATE NEWS.

Items of Interest to People in This Part of New Hampshire.

Suncook's Old Home week celebration was held on Tuesday.

Gustave Schultz of South Boston was drowned at Manchester.

The general orders in regard to rifle practice in the N. H. N. G., have been issued.

The New Hampshire Lighting company is to be incorporated. It is to control the Burrows' system of lighting in the state.

John McOclair, the negro who has been arrested for doing some shooting in Dover, claims that the shots were fired in self defense and that he does not know the man he shot. Dr. Potter of Portsmouth will secure counsel for the prisoner.

The Methodist campmeeting at The Weirs is being largely attended and the exercises are very interesting.

About thirty members have up to the present time been enrolled in the Exeter democratic campaign club.

James A. Piper of Stratham is a candidate for senator in the twenty third district.

The store of Ned S. Sleeper of Plaistow was broken into some time Monday night and goods amounting in value to about \$400 were taken.

New Hampshire pensions—Increase, Albert T. Severance, Exeter, \$10; war with Spain, widows, etc., Eugene Sullivan, father, Concord, \$12.

Frederick E. Hunt died Monday at the New Hampshire state prison and in the afternoon he was buried in Blossom Hill cemetery. He was 41 years of age and had been an inmate of the institution for about three years.

The shots to represent the Exeter Sportsmen's club in the contest with the Portsmouth and Dover clubs at Exeter Thursday will be selected from Albert S. Langley, Dr. Charles H. Gerrish, Capt. Arthur P. Cooper, Walter Carlisle, Charles H. Bickford and J. Warren Tilton.

The valuable historical library of the late George L. Balcom of Claremont was sold for \$5300. C. F. Libbie of Boston secured the collection.

WITH THE THEATRICAL FOLK.

The eastern Christian company opens its season at Meriden, Ct., Sept. 1.

The Frankie Carpenter company at Music hall, the week beginning August 20.

The advance man of the Frankie Carpenter company was in the city on Tuesday.

The Bennett & Moulton company opens the season at Berlin, Franklin and the Park, Manchester.

Music hall will be found to be a most agreeable place next Monday evening, in fact every evening next week.

Mabel Howard, who played Zaza in the production of the piece seen here, is at the Profile house for the summer.

The Grand Opera House, Boston, opened for the season Saturday night with Nerva Harrison in The Two Little Vagrants.

Mabel Bouton, who was here with Della Fox, is in Bellevue asylum, New York. Repeated attempts at suicide have made it necessary to confine her.

The New York Journal says that Mrs. Potter and Kyrie Bellow have saved Oscar Wilde from starvation and will produce a new play by him next winter.

Mr. Daniel Sully and his company began the rehearsals in The Parish Priest, which will be given its first production in New York August 30, at the Fourteenth street theatre.

THE PLAYGOER.

APPOINTMENTS IN THE NAVY.

These naval appointments have been made:
M. K. Elmer, commissioned assistant surgeon from July 18, 1900.
B. P. Dubois commissioned paymaster from July 10, 1900.
H. Hudson, commissioned chief boat swain from Aug. 27, 1899.
W. H. Doherty, commissioned passed assistant paymaster from Nov. 12, 1899.
M. Miller, commissioned rear admiral from July 1, 1900.

LOST HIS ROLL.

An employe in the shoe shop got a little jagged on Saturday night and went to sleep in Langdon park. When he sobered up he found he had lost about \$7 and has told since that he was robbed of the amount.

A VIGOROUS NONAGENARIAN.

Mrs. Levi Pierce of Newton, who is 90 years old, recently visited Wells beach and went in bathing. She is able to do much housework and picked a half bushel of peas before leaving for her beach.

FORECASTING EVENTS.

One Man's Predictions Which Have Come True.

Attention has been called to some events that have come to pass since being foretold by Dr. Max Muehlenbruch, the San Francisco prophet who won considerable notoriety by predicting in a public hall in Oakland, Cal., the blowing up of the battleship Maine, twelve days before it occurred.

It seems that Dr. Muehlenbruch has devoted considerable time to the foretelling of events of national importance, and that he has been remarkably correct in his predictions. A Manchester man who has kept a record of the prophecies made by this seer finds that the following events foretold by him have come to pass, or have happened very nearly as described:

On Dec. 13th, 1899, Dr. Muehlenbruch said that China would speedily become embroiled with three of the powers.

He predicted that the battleship Oregon would run on a rock and be damaged, but would be saved. He said the accident would be due to the rocks not being on the chart, and to the immense fall in the tide. The damage from the accident will be about \$27,000.

King Humbert of Italy will three times narrowly escape assassination, and it looks as though the third attempt would be successful.

On March 13th, 1898, Dr. Muehlenbruch said that during the year 1900 a high German official would be murdered. This prophecy was fulfilled by the killing, on June 18th, of Baron von Ketteler, the German minister to China.

RAIN OR SHINE.

Grand Band Concert at St. Aspinquid Park, York, Thursday.

The splendid Naval band will give a concert at York Thursday evening from 7.30 to 9.30, with dancing after the concert. The following reduced rates are made for the round trip, including admission to the park and casino:
York Vi lege, 30 cents. Tickets at Walker's store.
Kittery Point, 40 cents. Tickets at the postoffice.
Kittery Foreside, 45 cents. Tickets at W. T. Spence's store.
Portsmouth, 50 cents. Tickets at the landing on Ceres street.
Tickets will be good on all cars after six o'clock, and the band will go over at six o'clock.

CITY BRIEFS.

A little damp for basket picnics. Old Home Week celebrations reach throughout the state.

The small boy and the owners of orchards are at enmity these days.

Today is the Feast of the Assumption throughout the Catholic churches.

Music hall has been thoroughly cleaned and will be fresh and cool on Monday evening, when it opens for the season.

The man whose wife was born in Maine and who was born himself in New Hampshire is getting a double celebration of Old Home Week this year. —Boston Globe.

The retail market report shows almost no change from that of last week, a two cent drop in the price of spring broilers being the only variation.

The same popular rates to York beach on the P. K. & Y. railroad will prevail every evening this week. Tickets must be purchased at the offices of the company.

A black velvet bag, with a black silk top, and containing a pocketbook, was found by one of the police officers on Tuesday evening. The owner of same may have the property by applying at the police station.

A very long train of cattle cars passed through here on the Boston & Maine railroad early on Tuesday morning. In the cars were hundreds of cattle, sheep and pigs herded closely together and bound for Brighton and the markets.

A gang of pickpockets is supposed to be following up the Old Home Week celebrations and those in attendance would do well to take precautions against having their purses lifted. Several people lost money at the Salem festivities yesterday.

The young ladies of the Methodist church, Eliot, will give a lawn party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James W. Bartlett, Tuesday evening, Aug. 21. Ice cream and cake will be served and a musical entertainment furnished. W. W. Lucas, the colored impersonator is expected to be present.

President Tuttle of the Boston & Maine has received proposals for the purchase of \$500,000 Fitchburg railroad 3-1/2 per cent on 20 year refunding bonds, and \$441,500 Maine Central railroad 4 per cent 12 year refunding bonds. The Fitchburg bonds are to refund a like amount of 5s due Oct. 1, 1900 and the Maine Central bonds to refund a like amount of 6s due Oct. 1, 1900.

A Few Words about
Pain-Killer
A prominent Montreal clergyman, the Rev. James H. Dixon, Rector St. Jude and Iona, Canon of Christ Church Cathedral, writes:—"Permit me to send you a few lines to strongly recommend **Pain-Killer**. I have used it with satisfaction for thirty-five years. It is a preparation which deserves full public confidence."
A sure cure for
Sore Throat, Coughs, Chills, Cramps, &c.
Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c.
There is only one Pain-Killer, **Perry Davis'.**

Granite State
Fire Insurance Company
OF PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Paid-Up Capital, \$200,000

OFFICERS:
President, **FRANK JONES;**
Vice President, **JOHN W. SANBORN;**
Secretary, **ALFRED F. HOWARD;**
Asst. Secretary, **JOHN W. EMERY;**
Treasurer, **JUSTIN V. HANSCOM;**
Reserve Committee, **FRANK JONES, JOHN W. SANBORN, CHARLES A. SINCLAIR, ALBERT WALLACE and E. H. WINCHESTER.**

Why try to stick things that don't stick? Buy **MAJOR'S CEMENT**; you know it sticks. Nothing breaks away from it. Stick to **MAJOR'S CEMENT**. Buy once, you will buy forever. There is nothing as good, don't believe the substitutes.
MAJOR'S RUBBER and MAJOR'S LEATHER.
Two patents, complete the best. Fashion having them. 15 and 25 cents per bottle at all druggists.
MAJOR CEMENT CO., NEW YORK CITY.

We Are Now Receiving Two Cargos of
PORTLAND CEMENT
—AND THE—
HOFFMAN CEMENT
The only lot of fresh cement in the city
We have the largest stock and constant shipments ensure the newest cements.
J. A. & A. W. WALKER
137 MARKET ST.

AGENTS WANTED—\$25 to \$50 daily easily made by our Lavo Agents, men or women, selling our latest Novelty, Campaign Waterproof Notebooks. Goods entirely new and patented. Agents delighted. Sales unlimited. What others do, you can do. Time is short. Write today and secure exclusive territory. Guaranteed best offer. Address, with stamp, M. & M. MANFEG. CO., Dept. C, Springfield, Mass. aug10,1m

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For neat and attractive printing there is no better place.

PORTSMOUTH'S SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETY.
WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.
A Guide for Visitors and Members.
OAK CASTLE, NO. 4, K. G. R.
Meets at Hall, Peiros Block, High St., Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.
Officers—Charles F. Cole, P. C.; Charles E. Oliver, N. G.; Willis Mathes, V. C.; Robert M. Herick, H. P.; Charles W. Ham, V. H.; True W. Priest, K. of E.; Allison L. Phinney, C. of E.; Samuel R. Gardner, M. of R.; George P. Knight, S. H.

CITY OF PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, K. OF C.
Meets at K. of C. Hall, High St., First and Third Thursdays of each month.
Officers—Geo. S. Kirvan, G. K.; W. H. Lyons, M. D.; D. G. K.; Wm. McEvoy Chan.; James Whitman, Warden; J. E. Morgan, Fin. Sec.; Victor J. Murphy, Rec. Sec.; Daniel Casey, Treas.

OSGOOD LODGE, NO. 43, I. O. O. F.
Meets in Odd Fellows' Hall every Thursday evening at 8:00 o'clock.
Officers—George W. French, N. G.; A. G. Stimpson, V. G.; Howard Anderson, Sec.; Edwin B. Prime, Treas.; Albert C. Plumer, Fin. Sec.
The Degree Flag will be displayed when degrees are to be conferred. Watch for it. All brother Odd Fellows not members of the Lodge are cordially invited to attend the Lodge meetings and are assured a cordial greeting.

SUMMER HOTELS OF MAINE AND NEW HAMPSHIRE
CUTLER'S SEA VIEW,
HAMPTON BEACH,
Where you get the famous **FISH DINNERS.**
Most beautifully situated hotel on the coast. Parties catered to.
JOHN CUTLER, Proprietor.

Professional Cards.
Dr. C. O-Smith,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Removed to 34 Fleet Street
Corner of Hanover's street.
Up One Flight. Telephone, Connecticut 1
OFFICE HOURS: 10 a. m., 2 to 4. 7 to 9 p. m.
Special Attention Given to Diseases Women and Children.
G. E. PENDER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office—13 PLEASANT ST., EXCHANGE BUILDING
Hours: 10 a. m. to 12 m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p.
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Residence, 98 State St.
Office, 26 Congress St.
Portsmouth, N. H.
OFFICE HOURS: 1 A. M., 2 P. M., 7:30 to 10 Evenings.

C. D. HINMAN, D. D. S.,
DENTAL ROOMS, 16 MARKET SQUARE
Portsmouth, N. H.

F. S. TOWLE, M. D.
84 State Street, Portsmouth, N. H.
Office Hours:
Until 9 A. M. 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 P. M.

NOW
Is the time to inspect the samples of
SPRING CLOTHING.
I have just received a new lot of samples and I am prepared to make suits from \$15.00 up and pants from \$4.00 up.

CLEANING, REPAIRING AND PRESSING A SPECIALTY.
Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed

O'LEARY, THE TAILOR,
5 Bridge Street.

H. W. NICKERSON,
LICENSED EMBALMER
—AND—
FUNERAL DIRECTOR,
5 Daniel St., Portsmouth.

PILES
For sale by George Hill, Druggist.

A LARGE LOT OF

WHITE AND
BLACK LACES

THIS WEEK.

Half Price on the Entire Lot.

Lewis E. Staples,
7 Market Street.

Yes It's Stronger

Eagle

QUAD-STAY.

Sprockets always
in line.

Road Racer \$50-
Track Racer, \$60.

The lightest and easiest running
bicycle in the world. Come
and trade in your old wheel.

PHILBRICK'S
BICYCLE STORE.

21 Fleet Street Portsmouth.



SPRING DECORATIONS ARE
IN ORDER

Now, and we have the finest stock of
handsome wall papers, that range in
price from 15 cents to \$5 per roll, suit-
able for any room, and of exquisite
colorings and artistic patterns. Only
expert workmen are employed by us,
and our prices for first-class work is as
reasonable as our wall papers.

J. H. Gardiner
10 & 12 Daniel St. Portsmouth

RENTS COLLECTED.

HOUSES RENTED.

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I am making a specialty of the above
and solicit your patronage.

J. G. TOBEY, Jr.,
Real Estate and Insurance,
32 Congress Street.

S. G.

BEST 10c CIGAR
In The Market.

S. GRYZMISH, MFG.
Pure Havana.

THE HERALD.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1900.

CITY BRIEFS.

Greenland will celebrate Old Home
Week today.

This has been a great season for short
time caucuses.

The roads are in good condition, as a
result of the rain.

The printing is out for the summer
season at Music hall.

That Exeter caucus is still being
talked over by the various eel pots.

Although the rain threatened to
come Tuesday, it held off without a
drop.

The state line between New Hamp-
shire and Massachusetts is being sur-
veyed.

The length of the day diminishes one
hour and thirteen minutes during the
present month.

Frankie Carpenter always brings a
good company with her and this year
is no exception.

The summer hotels in this section
will send their quota of people to Mus-
ic hall next week.

Sheriff Fender has made the first
payment to the workmen employed on
the boulevard.

The W. C. T. U. will meet at Miss
Albee Tyler's on Daniel street this even-
ing at 7:30 o'clock.

Special theatre cars will be run on
the P. K. Y. and the Hampton electric
lines every night next week.

The delegates elected to the county
convention in ward five are favorable to
Sheriff Fender's re-nomination.

A lazy liver makes a lazy man. Bur-
dock Blood Bitters is the natural, never
failing remedy for a lazy liver.

A week more and the Maine political
campaign will open with a boom that
will be heard from Kittery to Madam-
mook.

The ladies of Ivy Temple are to hold
their annual picnic at Joanne's beach,
Thursday, if pleasant; if not it will be
held on Friday.

One candidate received the rank of
page and one that of equirre at the
meeting of Damon lodge, Knights of
Pythias, on Tuesday evening.

The Unity club's baseball team is to
play the Exeter Athletic club at Hamp-
ton Beach on Labor day. A supper for
the two contesting sides will follow.

Frankie Carpenter is without excep-
tion the most popular little actress
that comes to Portsmouth. She is a
favorite with local theatre patrons.

A party of thirty employees of the
Farragut house rode to this city on
Tuesday evening in a hayrack and had
a jolly good time while they were here.

A buckboard party from the Green-
acre, Eliot, Me., passed through this
city on Tuesday evening, going to the
Wentworth House.

Ordinary household accidents have
no terrors when there's a bottle of Dr.
Thomas' Electric Oil in the medicine
chest. Heals burns, cuts, bruises,
sprains. Instant relief.

Mothers lose their dread for "that
terrible second summer" when they have
Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry
in the house. Nature's specific for
summer complaints of every sort.

The Frankie Carpenter company
carries a special car loaded with scenery
which will be used for the first time in
this city next week. The scenery
comes direct from the artist's studio.

The report now comes that the cran-
berry crop will be a failure. The Cape
Cod Cranberry association reports the
outlook for the crop this year to be
from one-half to three-quarters of that
of last year, and the shortage is at-
tributed to the frost of May 28th and
the dry weather.

This will be Haverhill day at Hamp-
ton Beach. All the stores in that city
will close up for the day, and the mer-
chants and their families will take in
the outing. Portsmouth will send out
a big delegation of young people to
enjoy the dancing and other festivities
which are to take place in the afternoon
and evening.

With the acquisition of about 5000
Fitchburg employees, the Boston &
Maine family has now been increased to
something like 20,000. The total mil-
age of the system is now 2285 54 miles
and the latest inventory of the rolling
stock shows that there are 956 locomo-
tives, 1417 passenger coaches and 18-
092 freight cars and miscellaneous cars.
Those figures do not include the St.
Johnsbury & Lake Champlain road.

President Tucker of Dartmouth, in a
late address, said that the newspaper
ought to be studied in college; not
journalism, in the sense in which busi-
ness colleges propose to teach it, but
the actual newspaper itself. Journal-
ism has, according to him, become such
an immense power for good or bad in
this country that every young man
when he comes out of college should
know which are worthy newspapers and
which are not.

WHO LOST THESE THINGS?

Police Have a Crook at the Station,
Awaiting for an Identification.

The ever vigilant Police Officer Mi-
chael Hurley made a capture that is un-
doubtedly an important one. That the
fellow Officer Hurley brought to the sta-
tion at 7:20 on Tuesday evening is a
crook, there is no doubt, and the police
of Portsmouth are waiting for some one
to identify the fellow and to claim some
of the articles found in his possession.
He absolutely refuses to tell anything
about himself and the name he gave,
when arrested, "J. Grant," is believed
to be a fictitious one, and nothing found
on him goes to substantiate the state-
ments of the fellow.

He claims to be a representative of
the insurance house of E. Gately &
Co., of 786 Washington street, Boston,
but has nothing to show that he is an
authorized agent of the concern, except
some blank leaves evidently used by the
firm.

Officer Hurley made the arrest on in-
formation furnished him by a young
lady, who saw the fellow throw away the
black plush bag and the lady's pocket
book, back of the Rockingham, late in
the afternoon. Officer Hurley at once
went to work on the case and by half
past seven the man was in a cell at the
station house.

He had a bundle with him containing
two Seth Thomas parlor clocks and
was the more easily picked out by the
officer, as it had been stated that the
man who threw away the bag and pocket
book had such a bundle.

He was thoroughly searched at the
police station and the following articles
were taken from him:

Two \$5 bills, one a silver certificate.

Three \$1 bills.

One \$2 bill.

\$1 in silver and 19 cents in change.

A package of blank leaves, used by
the firm of E. Gately & Co., of Bos-
ton.

A salesman's receipt, or something of
that sort, with indistinct writing on the
back.

A "lucky box"
Nothing was found to establish who
might have owned the bag and pocket
book that he threw away. The young
lady who furnished the police with the
information, called at the station and
identified the man as the one who
threw them away.

He will not talk about anything at
the station.

He is about thirty years of age, of
light complexion, light sandy mustache,
blue eyes and light hair. He is dressed
in a blue suit, white straw hat of Al-
pine shape and black band, striped
blue outing shirt, blue necktie, stand-
ing collar of turnback style in front,
tan shoes.

Until the property is identified, the
officers will be unable to hold him or
any charge of larceny, but he will be
arrested this afternoon for selling
without a license and that will hold him
down for some time, at least. The fel-
low is thought to have come here from
Newburyport, Tuesday forenoon. Every
effort will be made to find an owner for
the articles.

KNIGHTS OF MALTA.

Walter W. Sawyer, commander of the
Massachusetts Knights of Malta, gave
a free lecture at Red Men's hall, Tues-
day evening, on "Malta Knighthood,"
which was listened to by quite a large
number. Officers for the new Olivet
commandery, which is to be instituted on
the 37th, were afterward chosen.

HIGHWAYMEN IN YORK.

Highwaymen are operating in York.
On Monday night a young man em-
ployed by Thompson, the caterer, had
an experience with two. They went
through him, but his money and watch
escaped their notice, being wound up
in a handkerchief. There have been
several other instances of the sort late-
ly.

HIS CANDIDACY BEING DIS- CUSSED.

The announcement made by Senator
William E. Chandler that he would
seek a re-nomination has formed the topic
for discussion among the members of
both parties and there appears to be a
general belief that he will be his own
successor. Rockingham County will
send practically a solid delegation to
Concord favorable to Chandler.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

President Ward of the Portsmouth
Athletic club has appointed the follow-
ing committee to make arrangements for
the celebration of the 15th anniver-
sary of the club which occurs on Sept.
10: G. Fred Dow, Fred E. Hasty, J. W.
Newell, William T. Conlon, George
W. McCarthy, Benjamin M. Burke,
Charles E. Trafton, Chas. E. Hoyt,
John Malloy, A. P. Simpson, Fred W.
Lyndon, Charles S. Smith, Willis P.
Vonnard, W. Herman Sides, Caleb N.
Lord.

DELAPOON TOURNAMENT.

Interesting Tennis Games Under
Management of the Club.

In the Delapoon tennis tournament
games on Tuesday the results were as
follows:

SINGLES.

Preliminary Round.

H. W. Jackson defeated J. A. Farring-
ton, 6-2; 6-1.

B. M. Brown defeated B. deB. Brad-
ford, 9-7; 2-6; 6-4.

C. O. Washburn defeated H. H. Ben-
nett, 6-3; 8-5.

L. S. Smith defeated W. Pickett, 6-4;
6-2.

Preliminary Round.

H. Sides defeated W. Thayer, 6-0;
6-3.

First Round.

I. H. Washburn defeated H. W. Pey-
ser, 6-8; 6-4; 7-5.

DOUBLES.

First Round.

H. H. Bennett and B. deB. Bradford,
defeated.

I. H. Washburn and A. Howard, 8 6;
6-4.

PERSONALS.

Hon Charles P. Berry was in Boston
on Tuesday.

Miss Estelle Bennett is visiting her
home in Maine.

George Rogers of Manchester is pass-
ing a week's vacation in this city.

Mrs. J. W. Stone of Union street is
passing several days at Hedding.

Archie B. Coney came down from
Haverhill, Mass., on Tuesday night.

Gen. S. H. Gale was in this city on
Tuesday and called on the Chronicle.

George H. Ducker, bookkeeper for
Joseph E. Hoxie, is on a week's vaca-
tion.

Mrs. Edgar D. Stoddard of Hanover
street is visiting in Manchester for the
next two weeks.

Col. M. H. Gregg, janitor of the
government building, is having a vaca-
tion of ten days.

Conductor Daniel Neal of the Boston
and Maine railroad has gone to Califor-
nia to better his health.

Mrs. Charles E. Junness and daugh-
ter, Marguerite, of State street, are
passing a few days at York.

Mrs. Belle Marden of Somerville,
Mass., is the guest of her aunt, Mrs.
Franklin Paul, of Mark street.

Frank W. Ferguson, who has been
passing a few days with relatives in this
city, returned to Boston on Tuesday.

Miss Susan Marden has returned
from Portland, where she has been
visiting friends during Old Home Week.

Mrs. John Bolong and children, who
have been spending the summer with
relatives in Nova Scotia, have arrived
home.

Mrs. Frank West of Pleasant street,
who has been passing a week with
friends at Old Orchard, has returned
home.

Rev. O. S. Baketel, D. D., formerly
of this city, is presiding over the Me-
thodist campmeeting at The Weirs this
week.

Superintendent S. H. Harding of the
first life saving district is inspecting the
stations in the eastern part of Maine
this week.

Mr. Fred Hayward, business man-
ager of The Frankie Carpenter company,
is in this city looking after the interests
of the company.

John Bartlett and family of Somer-
ville, Mass., who have been passing six
weeks at Eliot, returned home on
Tuesday morning.

Miss Ethel Mae Perkins, who has
been seriously ill at the residence of
her aunt, Mrs. Norman Lord, Chatham
street, is slowly improving.

Franklin Simpson of East Orange, N.
J., who has been the guest of his grand-
parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel McIntire,
of Lincoln avenue, for a number of
weeks, has returned home.

Miss Ella Richardson of Newbury-
port, Mass., who has been the guest of
Dr. and Mrs. Harry A. Watts of Court
street, left on Monday for her home,
making the trip by trolley. She was
accompanied by Mrs. Watts, who will
spend the week in Newburyport.

A sad accompaniment to the death of
Dr. Frederick Hulseberg, the young
physician whose engagement was re-
cently announced to Miss Myra Sweet-
ser of this city, and who lost his life a
few weeks ago in the Philippines by an
insurgent's bullet, has just been learned.
Word has been received of his brother's
death in South Africa, where he was in
the hospital service with Lord Roberts.

AT NORTH CHURCH SUNDAY.

Rev. George B. Spalding, D. D., pas-
tor of the First Presbyterian church,
Syracuse, N. Y., will preach at the
North church on Sunday next, August
19.

Services begin at 10 30 a. m. Subject,
"What would St. Paul do in China."

EXCITEMENT IN STRATHAM.

Seventy Five Persons Attend the
Police Court in Exeter, Tuesday.

There was an all day session of police
court in Exeter on Tuesday, as a result
of the raids in the town of Stratham
and some very sensational developments
were the outcome of the excitement in
the town. Fully seventy five persons
of the town were present at the court,
which lasted from ten in the morning
until past the supper hour.

Arrangement was made on nine com-
plaints, but three ordinary peaceable
citizens of the community, named Les-
ter M. Philbrook, G. Elliott Cooper and
Louis M. Barnaby had to bear the brunt
of all the charges. Cooper was the
most unfortunate, as his name was in-
scribed upon complaints for an attempt
to commit rape, an aggravated assault
and drunkenness. Philbrook had two
complaints against him for keeping
malt liquor and two for keeping spirit-
uous liquor for sale, while Barnaby was
charged with an aggravated assault and
drunkenness.

The cases were taken up separately,
Philbrook being first tried for selling
beer to Cooper. Witnesses were Cooper
and Barnaby, Selectman Emmons E.
Clase, George E. Gowan, James A.
Piper and Hosea Tuttle, all of Stratham
and all for the state. Philbrook was
found guilty and ordered to pay a fine
of \$10 and costs. The complaint
against him for selling beer to Barnaby
was next commenced and with the same
witnesses. Judge Shute again ordered
him to pay a \$10 fine, the total on the
two complaints amounting to \$30.25.
Court was then adjourned for dinner.

The afternoon session opened at 3
o'clock, the curtain raiser being the
charge of selling spirituous liquor to
Cooper, Philbrook being the principal
actor. Witnesses on this complaint and
on the following one, that of selling
hard stuff to Barnaby, were Cooper,
Barnaby and Hosea Tuttle. Sufficient
testimony was presented for Judge
Shute to hold the respondent in \$200
bonds on each charge for the October
term of grand jury.

The court at this point informed
Cooper and Barnaby that they were dis-
charged on the drunkenness complaints,
owing to their turning state's evidence,
but before they could congratulate each
other on their freedom they were re-
arrested, Barnaby upon the charge of
committing an aggravated assault upon
Lester M. Philbrook, Saturday night,
and Cooper for the same reason and
further complaint of attempting to com-
mit rape upon his wife, Frances L. Phil-
brook, on the same evening.

They were given an immediate ar-
rignment, and Cooper was held in
\$400 bonds and Barnaby in \$100 for
trial next Tuesday morning at 10
o'clock. Bail was furnished by both
men.

POLICE NEWS.

A stranger giving his name as John
Glancy was arrested by Officer Mur-
phy, Tuesday evening, for begging on
the street. He tried to give the police-
man the run, but it was of no use.
Glancy had been telling passers by that
he was lame and sorely in need of funds.
It is not thought that his solicitations
of alms put much money into his pocket.

On Tuesday evening, a man was seen
to throw a woman's shopping bag over
the fence into the area way of Charles
Prime, in the rear of the Rockingham,
and walk off hurriedly. The young wo-
man who noticed it picked up the bag
and it was taken to the police station.
Officer Hurley, acting on a description
furnished by the girl, set out after the
man and soon found him. He was
brought to the station and is held there
on suspicion. The suspect is a stran-
ger in this city and claims to belong in
New York and to be a canvasser by
profession. He would say nothing
about the bag.

FRANKIE CARPENTER COMING.

Frankie Carpenter, that bright vi-
cious little actress, will begin a week's
engagement at Music hall next Monday
evening, in one of the best line of plays
ever offered at popular prices that in-
clude "49," a beautiful western comedy
drama, Miss Frankie appearing in the
part of Carrots, a little wild flower.
Other plays are My Friend from India,
The Garrison Girl, An American Prin-
cess, Maid of The Mill, Poverty Corners.
Several new and novel specialties will
be introduced at each performance by
Collins and Collins in songs and dances;
Master Condon in illustrated songs; start-
ling moving pictures and Frankie and
Jere, with their pickaninnies. All the new
and popular music by the Frankie Car-
penter concert orchestra. Reserved seats
sale commences Thursday at box office,
Music hall.

HARBOR FRONT NEWS.

Arrived, Aug. 15-Tug Piscataqua,
Boston, barges New Castle, P. N. Co.,
No. 9, P. N. Co., No. 10, for Eliot.

NOTICE.

Knights of the Golden Eagle.

There will be a special meeting of
Oak Castle, No. 4, at their hall on Wed-
nesday evening, Aug. 15th, at eight
o'clock. Business of importance.
Every member, and especially every
officer, is requested to be present.
C. E. OLIVER, N. C.

OFFICIAL VISIT TO NAVY YARD.

Rear Admiral R. B. Bradford, U. S.
N. Chief of the Bureau of Equipment,
paid an official visit to the navy yard on
Tuesday afternoon. He made an in-
spection of the proposed locations for
the new buildings contracted for and
then went over the plans. He returned
to this city from the yard at 3:45 and
while at the yard he was in company
with Rear Admiral Cromwell and the
equipment officer, W. T. Swinburne.

WARNER CLUB'S REMOVAL.

The matter of the Warner club's re-
moval into more commodious quarters
has been left to a special committee,
with power. It is likely that the
change will be effected soon and the
new club rooms will probably be lo-
cated on Congress street, a short ways
below the present quarters. There are
now over fifty members in the club.

PRICE OF BEEF HIGHER.

A sudden jump in the prices in beef
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From frightful disfigurement Mrs.
Nannie Gallagher, of LaGrange, Ga., ap-
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It works wonders in Sores, Bruises,
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Saturday.....Maid of The Mill
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These tiny Capsules are superior
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